



THEATRE-ROYAL.

On SATURDAY Evening, January 20. 1787.
Will be presented, a Comedy, called, **THE WAY TO KEEP HIM.**
Lovers, Mr. WOODS;
Sir Brilliant Fashion, Mr. LA-MASH;
William, Mr. CHARTERIS;—Sideboard, Mr. J. BLAND;
And Sir Daisyl Constant, Mr. WILSON.
The Widow Belmour, (with the Original Song) Mrs. WILMOT-WELLS;
Lady Constant, Mrs. WOODS;—Mollin, Mrs. J. BLAND;
Mignonet, Mrs. VILLARS;—Furnish, Mrs. CHARTERIS;
And Mrs. Lovemore, Mrs. KEMBLE.
To which will be added, a Farce, called, **THE AGREEABLE SURPRISE.**
Lingo, Mr. MOSS;
Compton, Mr. HALLION;
Eugene, Mr. J. BLAND;—Chicane, Mr. CHARTERIS;
John, Mr. BLAND, Jun.;—Thomas, Mr. VATES;
Cudden, Mr. MAYOON;—Stump, Mr. W. WELLS;
And Sir Felix Friendly, Mr. MICHEL.
Laura, Mrs. CHARTERIS;
Mrs. Fringe, Mrs. J. BLAND;
And Conallip, (the Dairy Maid) Mrs. KEMBLE.
Tickets to be had, and places for the Boxes taken, of Mr. GIBB, at the Office of the Theatre.

WANTS A PLACE,

A YOUNG MAN to serve as Clerk and Shopman to a Grocer, Haberdasher, or Woollendrapers, will engage for a few years, can be well recommended for his sobriety and honesty.
Enquire at the Publisher.

WANTED

A MASTER for the GRAMMAR SCHOOL of MOFFAT.
A PERSON qualified to teach Latin, Greek, French, Writing, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, and English grammatically. One who has formerly taught a School with reputation will be preferred. No person whose views are towards the ministry will be accepted.
The salary is 500 merks Scots. There is great opportunity of boarding young gentlemen who come to Moffat for the benefit of the mineral waters, &c. and a master of an established character may expect a very numerous school.
Candidates may apply to Mr. Brown, minister of Moffat.

TANWORK FOREMAN.

WANTED to superintend, and to work himself in a considerable Tanwork, a FOREMAN fully master of that business.
Without a certificate of his knowledge of the business, of his sobriety and honesty, none need apply. If possessed of these, he will meet with ample encouragement.
Apply to Messrs. Stewart, Faichney, and Co. at Perth, or Thomas Scotland, at Mr. James Buchanan's, writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

FORTUNE'S TAVERN.

THE WIDOW, with utmost gratitude to the generous friends of her deceased Husband, and supporters of the house during his life, most respectfully desires to be public, that, by advice of friends, and with the approbation of some of the most respectable characters in this country, she proposes, with the assistance of the principal servants of her late husband, to continue the business as formerly.
As the tutors for the children find it necessary to call in all debts due to Mr. Fortune, so as to satisfy his creditors, they expect and request, that such as are indebted to his heirs will order immediate payment to Alexander Cameron, at Samuel Watson's, solicitor at law, Meal-market stairs, who is authorised to discharge them; and that every creditor will lodge with Mr. Cameron exact states of their claims, that the tutors may, as soon as possible, settle the affairs.

Edinburgh Friendly Insurance Office.
THE Annual General Meeting of the Proprietors of the EDINBURGH FRIENDLY INSURANCE against losses by Fire, is to be held in Magdalen Chapel, Cowgate, on Monday the 22d day of January instant, at one o'clock afternoon, when it is hoped the Members will attend.

LAURISTON LODGE,

To be LET, and entered to at Whitunday next, THE dwelling House, Offices, Gardens, Orchard, and Green-house, with a grass Park adjoining, as possessed by the late Dowager Lady Ruthven, all in the most complete repair, and of easy access, within ten minutes walk of the Cross of Edinburgh.
The servants at the house will shew the premises; and for further particulars, apply to Mr. Ewan writer, Kincaid's Buildings, Cowgate.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH, **THE DIANA,**
(A New Ship)
JAMES RITCHIE Master,
Now lying at Hoare's Wharf, taking in goods for Leith, and all places adjacent in the frith of Forth, deliverable at Leith, will sail the 24th January 1787.
This ship has good accommodation for passengers.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH, **MARGARET AND ANNE,**
ALEXANDER COMB Master,
Is now taking in goods for Leith, and will sail the 29th instant.—She loads at the Glasgow Wharf, Leith, 11th January 1787.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE CONTRACT,

at Berwick upon Tweed,
A Hull of a New Brig,
about 140 tons measurement, will carry 9 keels of coals at 11 feet water, and shift without ballast, is extraordinary well timbered, and a large scantling, all English Oak, is mostly skinned below the wales, with 3 inch oak plank, and 3 wales of 4 1/2 inches Suffolk plank; will answer well where burthen and dispatch is required; can be launched at five days notice.
Length of the Keel 60 Feet.
Breadth of Beam 20 ditto.
Depth of the Hold from the ceiling to the Deck 13 ditto.
Likewise, to be SOLD at the same place, a VESSEL, about 80 Tons bounty measurement, built after the model of the Berwick Snacks, will be fit for any trade, particularly the Herring Fishing; will be ready to launch about June next, or sooner if required.
For further particulars, apply to Mr. Arthur Byram of Berwick aforesaid.

New Town Laboratory.

J. LAMONT and CO. gratefully acknowledge the favours they have already received of the public, and beg leave to assure them, that the utmost care and attention shall be paid to the business of the Laboratory, so that as it has already procured their approbation, it may have the continuance of it. J. L. and Co. are rejoiced, that no pains shall be wanting to render it as useful as possible. And that their customers may depend upon the freshness and good quality of their Medicines, the following certificate is inserted, voluntarily given by Dr. Francis Home, Professor of Materia Medica, and Dr. James Hunter, Member of the Royal College of Physicians.
Edinburgh, January 17. 1787.

This is to certify to all concerned, That we have visited the New Town Laboratory, kept by Messrs. Lamont and Co. and have inspected all the Medicines, Simple and Compound, find them of excellent quality, and kept in the neatest and best manner.
(Signed) FRANCIS HOME, M.D.
JAMES HUNTER, M.D.

MR. LAMONT attends morning and evening, to give advice to servants and indigent persons.

JOHN KAY and COMPANY, Ship-
brokers in Leith, beg leave to inform their friends in particular, and the public in general, that they have this day commenced SHIP BROKERS in all its branches which they mean to carry on at Leith; and they flatter themselves, that they will, from their exertions, merit the favour of the public.—Those who wish to favour them, will please direct for John Kay and Company, ship brokers, within the Tiquier Bush entry, on the shore, Leith.
N. B. Masters and Mates of vessels, well recommended, may apply at this Office for births.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, within the Tontine Tavern in Glasgow, upon Wednesday the 24th of January current, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon, **Five Original Shares in the Forth and Clyde Navigation,** of One Hundred Pounds each, free of incumbrances.

An equitable and a really valuable Chance, including every prize, from a 20l. to a 20000l. In the present ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY.
The whole of the purchase-money returned, if drawn only a small prize of 20l.

To continue during the whole time of the Drawing. That is to say, from the first-drawn Ticket till the last Ticket is drawn out of the wheel; and the money for the prizes will be paid on demand, without the smallest deduction whatever.

HORNSBY and CO. at their old
established house, No. 26, Cornhill, and no where else on their account, respectfully inform the public, that they have renewed their old and much approved subscription plan, at One Guinea, Half-a-Guinea, and Five Shillings and Sixpence, which has been so universally supported for twenty Lotteries past; and they make no doubt but they shall receive, from their worthy patrons, every countenance and support on the present occasion, as HORNSBY AND CO. are determined to pursue every measure to the entire satisfaction of their subscribers.

ONE GUINEA.	HALF-A-GUINEA.
If a £20,000 to £1600 0	If a £20,000 to £800 0
10,000 to 800 0	10,000 to 400 0
5000 to 400 0	5000 to 200 0
3000 to 160 0	3000 to 80 0
1000 to 80 0	1000 to 40 0
500 to 40 0	500 to 20 0
100 to 10 0	100 to 5 0
50 to 5 0	50 to 2 10
20 to 1 1	20 to 10s. 6d.

If the number be the first-drawn on the 1st, 4th, 7th, 10th, 13th, and 16th days, or the last-drawn ticket on the last day, 80l. will be paid for the same.
If the number be the first-drawn on the 1st, 4th, 7th, 10th, 13th, and 16th days, or the last-drawn ticket on the last day, 40l. will be paid for the same.
FIVE SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE.
If a £20,000 to £400 0 0
10,000 to 200 0 0
5000 to 100 0 0
2000 to 40 0 0
1000 to 20 0 0
500 to 10 0 0
100 to 5 0 0
50 to 2 10 0
20 to 1 5 0

If the number be the first-drawn on the 1st, 4th, 7th, 10th, 13th, and 16th days, or the last-drawn ticket on the last day, 20l. will be paid for the same.
The following capital considerations are likewise given gratis, beside the sums above mentioned.
If the subscription be drawn any prize whatever above a 20l. a new subscription will be given, exclusive of the full money for the prize, and if drawn only a small prize of 20l. the first cost will be returned.

Subscribers to this society, previous to the commencement of the drawing, will have the option of renewing their original subscription at the first price, and as often as they please, let the price of tickets go as high as it will: And it is a well known fact, that for several lotteries past, the Guinea Subscriptions have been sold for Five Guineas: In this particular, the two last whole days of drawing only are excepted.
Purchasers buying five, at One Guinea, Half-a-Guinea, or Five Shillings and Sixpence, shall receive five times the money laid out, if all five be drawn prizes.
The immense sums of money which have been punctually paid to the public by Hornsby and Co. render it impossible for them to continue publishing a list of prizes which they have sold; but they will observe an invariable rule to publish such prizes as are drawn, for the immediate information of their customers, and the whole at the conclusion of the drawing of every lottery.

Letters (post paid) duly answered. Any person desiring to have a faithful account of their subscription, sent as soon as drawn to any part of the town or country, may receive the same without any additional expense.
Plans at large may be had gratis, at No. 26, Cornhill.

Notice to Creditors.

ALL persons having claims against Lieutenant JAMES GRIERSON of his Majesty's Navy, prior to the 4th of November last, are required to lodge the same, with their vouchers of debt, with Robert Playfair writer, Libberton's Wynd, Edinburgh, one of Lieutenant Grierson's trustees, and that on or before the 1st day of April next; with certification that those who neglect to do so will not be entitled to any share of the trust-funds.
A deed of accession to the trust lies at Mr. Playfair's office, to be signed by the Creditors, which must be done at the same time that the vouchers of debt are lodged.
January 17. 1787. Not to be repeated.

CORN LAWS.

MR. ANSTROTHER of Aird, Contender of the Committee appointed by the Freeholders of the county of Fife, for taking into consideration the proposed alteration in the Corn Laws of this country, hereby intimates, That a meeting of the Committee is to be held at the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Friday the 19th instant, at one o'clock, when it is hoped, that not only the gentlemen of the Committee, but such other proprietors of the county as are then in Edinburgh will attend, in order that their sentiments on so interesting a subject may be collected previous to the general meeting of delegates from the different counties, on Saturday the 20th inst.

HOUSE IN CANONGATE.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 31st day of January current, between the hours of five and six afternoon.
The THIRD STOREY of the Fore Tenement of Land on the north side of the Canongate of Edinburgh, at the head of the High School Close, consisting of three Rooms, a Workshop, and Kitchen, presently possessed by William Macintyre watchmaker, and the Garret Storey above, consisting of three Fire-rooms.
The progress of writs are in the hands of Alexander Walker writer, Paterson's Court, Edinburgh, who has power to conclude a private bargain.

TO BE SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 31st day of January current, between the hours of five and six afternoon; and entered to at Whitunday next 1787.

The two Dwelling-houses which form the well side of Paterson's Court, Broughton, with several convenient offices thereto belonging; one presently let to a gentle tenant, at 15 l. per annum, and the other occupied by the proprietor.
From its vicinity to the New Town, the situation of the place is too well known to make it necessary to particularize the several advantages it possesses, exclusive of being out of the new extended royalty.

Any person inclining to purchase by private bargain, may apply before the day of sale to Mr. William Murray, writer to the signet, at the Court, or to Thomas Rattray, writer in Edinburgh, who will shew the title-deeds.

A HOUSE IN EDINBURGH.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,
THAT HOUSE entering by the first stair upon the left hand, at the head of the Advocate's Close, possessed by Mrs. Murray, at the yearly rent of 9 l. Sterling.
Those who incline to purchase the above mentioned subject may apply to Mr. Mitchell, Nicolson's Street, who will shew the title-deeds, and give such other information as may be wanted, and has power to conclude a bargain.

Sale of the House and Parks of Dalry.

TO BE SOLD by private bargain, the House and Parks of DALRY, situated about half a mile west of the city of Edinburgh. The parks consist of about 24 acres of very rich ground, exclusive of one acre which has been freed out at 9 l. yearly, the fee-duty of which is to be sold along with the house and parks.
The house is a large and very good one, in the second storey there is a large drawing-room, and three bedrooms with closets; and in the third storey there is a large room for a library, and three bedrooms with closets. Without the house is a kitchen, with two very good servants' rooms over it, and two cellars, one for coals, the other for alms. The offices consist of a coach-house, stables for 10 or 12 horses, and a byre, with hay lofts, and servants' apartments over them. These subjects hold of the Crown, for payment of a fee-duty of about 4 l. yearly. They are liable to no public burdens excepting the land-tax, and about 4 l. yearly of stipend; and they have right to a family seat in the body of the West Church, and to a seat for servants in the gallery.
John Tait writer to the signet, Park Place, is empowered to conclude a bargain, and will inform as to further particulars. The premises will be shown upon applying at the house of Dalry from 12 to 3 o'clock every day.

BY ORDER OF THE HONOURABLE

Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs,
THERE is to be exposed to public roup and sale, at the Customhouses of the Ports, upon the respective days after mentioned, at twelve o'clock noon each day.

Sundry Parcels of Tea, Wine, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Agave, Sugar, and others, lately condemned in his Majesty's Court of Exchequer.
DUNBAR, Friday, 19th—353½ gallons geneva; 24½ gallons brandy; 80½ gallons rum.
ANSTRUTHER, Saturday, 20th—281 gallons geneva; 34 gallons brandy; and a Hinds Claret Wine found, for his Majesty's duties.
DUNDEE, Monday, 22d—232½ gallons geneva; 87½ gallons brandy; 18 gallons aquavite; 8 gallons rum; 1 half hoghead vinegar; a fishing-boat and her materials to be sold entire.
MONTROSE, Wednesday, 24th—113 gallons geneva; 45 fir deals; 249 lb. counterfeit halfpence; a boat and her materials to be sold entire.
ABERDEEN, Friday 26th—683 gallons rum; 414½ gallons geneva; 280½ gallons brandy; 50 gallons spruce beer; 11 gallons red French wine; 21 gallons white Portuguese wine, &c. the hull of the sloop Charlotte of Newburgh, and one open boat, to be broken up.
GLASGOW, Tuesday, 30th—43 gallons aquavite, 17 gallons brandy; 3 gallons geneva; 3 barrels white herings.
PORT-GLASGOW, Wednesday, 31st—325 gallons rum; 77 gallons geneva; 24 bushels Irish flint.
GREENOCK, Thursday, February 1st—581 gallons rum; 6 cwt. and 38 pounds coffee.
AYR, Saturday, 3d—666 gallons brandy; 72 gallons geneva; 174 lb. tea; 639 lb. coffee-berries; a small open boat to be sold entire.
STRANRAER, Monday, 5th—1590½ gallons brandy; 1028½ gallons geneva; 652½ gallons rum; 34 gallons Lisbon and Sherry wines; 5 lb. tea; the lugger Buffalo, with her furniture and apparel, (to be broken up).
WIGTON, Wednesday 7th—105 gallons brandy; 53 gallons geneva; 3 gallons rum; 74 lb. tea; 4½ gallons red French wine; 6½ gallons red Portuguese wine; a parcel of sugar, vinegar, figs, raisins, &c. the Tartar cutter, (to be broken up); a manx boat, and the smack Mary, to be sold entire.
KIRKCUDBRIGHT, Friday 9th—246½ gallons geneva; 554 gallons rum; 362½ gallons brandy; 24 gallons red French wine; 12 gallons Spanish white wine; a parcel of figs, raisins, and 464 lb. sugar; a smack, with her furniture, to be sold entire.
OBAN, Saturday 10th—The sloop Lilly, and the sloop Jean, with their furniture and apparel, (to be broken up).

Auction of Books.

TO BE SOLD by auction, at Mr. Hay's Vendue, two private LIBRARIES of BOOKS: the first consists of a valuable Collection of CLASSICS, the second a very complete Collection of Books in the SCOTS LAW.—Besides the Books in the Catalogue, there are several volumes of Law Papers.

First Lot, 24 volumes of Session Papers, collected with care, betwixt the years 1740 and 1744, by the most eminent Lawyers, particularly, Mr. Craig, Lord Pitfour, Mr. Lockhart, Lord Kaim, Lord Prestoungrange, Lord Almon, and others. Some of the latest volumes contain all the political disputes in the different counties of Scotland, as well as boroughs.

2d, Two volumes large folio, of all the Cases determined by the House of Peers upon appeals from Scotland, betwixt the years 1755 and 1766, inclusive, on both sides, with copies of the judgment in each case.

3d, Four volumes quarto, containing the whole proceedings in the Douglas Cause.

It is proposed to sell the above lots separately, by private sale; and if not sold in that manner, to be put up to auction upon Saturday the 27th instant, at twelve o'clock.
The auction begins Monday next 23d, and continues for 1 week, from six to nine at night.
Catalogues to be had at the Vendue, and at Mr. Omdou's, bookseller, Parliament Close.

Foreign China, useful and ornamental,

Just arrived from London on board the Livingston, Captain Gordon's command.

TO BE SOLD by Auction, to-morrow and on Saturday next, and positively no longer, in a large room in Register Street, back of Pool's Coffeehouse, New Town, Edinburgh.
A fresh and elegant Assortment of CHINA, the stock in Trade of T. FIDLER, Chinaman, St. Paul's Church Yard, London, deceased, for the benefit of his widow and three young orphans; which will begin each day at eleven o'clock on Saturday, and at five o'clock in the afternoon.—A good fire kept in the room.

ALL persons to whom the deceased ANDREW BURNET right in Transit are indebted will please lodge the claims of their debts with William Murray, coal-grieve in Transit, betwixt this and the 23rd of February next; and those that are indebted to the said Andrew Burnet will please make payment as soon as possible, to the said William Murray, who is empowered to discharge the same.

Notice to Creditors.

THE Creditors of the late CAPTAIN ALLAN CAMERON of Glendellery are desired to take notice, that a state of their interests, and an order for ranking them has been made up by Mr. Farquharson the Trustee, and to be seen in the hands of James Frazer, writer to the signet. But some of the creditors having failed to make oath on the verity of their debts, and others, although given up as Creditors in the trust-deed, executed by Captain Cameron, having omitted to lodge any claim whatever, Notice is hereby given to all such Creditors, to lodge their claims, with an oath on the verity thereof, with Hugh Bremner, at Mr. Farquharson's, or with any other who shall have deposited their claims with him, who shall have power to discharge the same.

SALE OF EIGHT.

ON Wednesday the 31st of January instant, betwixt five and seven afternoon, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, will again (rate lowered) be exposed to SALE, in one lot,

THE LANDS AND BARONY OF EIGHT, Teinds, &c. in Aberdeenshire, of above 4500 acres, in Fyvie parish, and above 2000 acres in Muthil parish, remarkably low rented, betwixt L. 600 and L. 700 yearly, all well accommodated with dwell, pleasantly situated, a great deal of wood, a good mansion-house on the side of the great river Ythan, that runs through the estate, &c.

For further particulars apply to James Watson, clerk to the signet, George Street.

Sale of a Brewery and of Houses

NEAR EDINBURGH.
TO BE SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 28th of March next, between the hours of five and six afternoon.

That large and commodious BREWERY, with the Dwelling House and Garden at Summerhall, near Edinburgh, which belonged to and was possessed by the late Mr. Thomas Brydon, brewer there.

And also, the Dwelling Houses and others at Hamilton's Folly or New Grange, near Edinburgh, presently possessed by Robert Muir, James Watson, William Ralston, Alexander Glasgow, Robert Pringle, and Thomas Hamilton.

The Brewery at Summerhall consists of a large malt-barn 130 feet in length, and 13 feet in breadth, with a loft above, the whole length of the barn; three smaller lofts also joining; a brick kiln at the end of the barn, and a cobbler; a brew-house, and malt-mill loft at the back of the malt-barn; and three cellars; a stable for three horses; a hay-loft and a byre, besides many other conveniences. One of the cellars was formerly used for a still-house, and for a trifling expence might be converted to the same purpose.

The Dwelling House at Summerhall which is to be sold along with the brewery, consists of seven fire-rooms, a large kitchen, two light closets, and other conveniences.

The garden is at the back of the brewery; and in the front of the house is a small plot of ground inclosed with a parapet wall and railing.

The well in the close is supplied by a spring of excellent water, which never fails, but affords a constant supply at all seasons; and even in times of the greatest drought has not only proved sufficient for answering the purposes of the brewery at Summerhall, but also to accommodate the neighbouring brewers with water.

These subjects at Summerhall are in good repair; and, for their extent and situation, a more convenient purchase for a brewer or distiller, both for the accommodation of a family, and for carrying on business, is rarely to be met with. They are held for a final duty of 5 s. Sterling.

The houses at Hamilton's folly being low rented, yielding at present only 15 l. per annum, will afford a considerable rate of rent. The possessors are entitled to the use of the well belonging to the adjoining brewery; and have a fine view on the back ground as to building, and the houses will be sold altogether or in different lots, as the bidders may incline.

Thomas Brydon residing at Summerhall, and the late Mr. Hamilton's Folly will be shown by Robert Pringle, one of the tenants.
For further particulars persons interested may apply to William Christie writer in Edinburgh.

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, Jan. 15.

Tangiers, Nov. 19. The Emperor of Morocco has, some time ago, ratified the treaty of peace which was offered by the American Congress. It consists of twenty-five articles, and is to last for fifty years.

Warsaw, Dec. 13. By accounts from our southern provinces we learn, that they felt the effects of the late earthquake, which was felt on the 3d of this month in Upper Silesia, the progressive motion of which extended, increasing, through Galicia to the mountains of Hungary, where, no doubt, was the source of this phenomenon, the commotion having been much stronger there than in the western parts of this kingdom. We have the following from Cracow, viz. "On the 3d of December, at five minutes after five in the evening, we heard a noise like that of coaches going over a pavement; this was followed by some shocks of an earthquake strong enough to throw down the furniture in the houses. At Casimierz all the houses were shook, particularly the building adopted for the main guard, from which the soldiers hastily fled, thinking it would fall; the waters of the Vistula were so agitated, that the people who happened to be upon the bridge at that moment thought it would fall under them, and all the bells were set a ringing by the shock; The same effects were felt at the same time 12 miles from Cracow."

Naples, Dec. 12. His Majesty continues to enjoy the diversion of hunting, which is the more agreeable this season, as game is particularly plentiful. On the 19th of this month upwards of 2000 aquatic birds were killed on the lake of Licola, and a vast number of animals of all kinds have lately been killed at St. Leuci and Cardito; among the rest about 150 wild boars, two of which were so uncommonly large, that being weighed by order of the monarch, the weight of the one was 387 lb. and that of the other 337 lb.

In digging at Pompeia they have discovered a magnificent house of the ancient Romans; it consists of three courts, surrounded by different apartments, ornamented with paintings, besides some remains of fountains and baths, but not any furniture of value. The concourse of strangers who go to see that monument of antiquity is very great.

Naples, Dec. 19. The Prince of Galliano and his consort, sister to the Prince of Bisignano, and his sons, the Duke and Duchess of Buccleugh and family, Lord and Lady Clive, and many other persons of distinction from different countries, have arrived here within these few days.

Rome, Dec. 20. Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Gloucester, with their family and retinue, proposed setting out last Monday for Naples; but one of their sons being taken ill, these illustrious travellers have postponed their departure till the health of the young Prince shall be re-established.

Madrid, Dec. 22. His Majesty and the Royal Family are in perfect health; the young Prince, son to his Royal Highness the Prince of Asturias, has been ill for some time, and is not expected to live.

Paris, Jan. 3. Some days ago the King was seized with a dangerous indigestion; but his Majesty has happily entirely got the better of it.

Hague, Jan. 10. We learn from Ninnequen, made the Dutchess of Orleans, who is now in Holland, proved fruitless, as he resists every application from distinguished persons, and the most pressing solicitations of Mr. Le Comte de Goertz. There are therefore no hopes that our differences can be amicably adjusted.

L O N D O N, — Jan. 15.

The Law arrangements, which have been foretold with so much certainty, and have been expected with so much eagerness, have not yet taken place in any degree. The ways of Statesmen are "dark and intricate, puzzled in mazes," and not unfrequently "perplexed in errors;" and if we were to join our brethren of the quill in positiveness, we could only positively assert, that Lord Mansfield has not resigned; and not quite so positively add, that Sir Lloyd Kenyon, according to the general opinion, will be his successor, if the resignation be made while the Ministry are in the present humour.

A good deal has been said for and against the treaty, but mostly against it, for this reason, that they who approve the treaty, have left it to its own protection, and are silent—General arguments only have been used by writers on both sides, and the credit due to general arguments must always be in proportion to the popularity or abilities of the writer. That some eminent writers will ere long exercise their genius on this subject is reasonably to be expected, and the names of Baring, Sheffield, and Tucker, are mentioned. The latter, though a speculator, has generally been allowed the merit of good sense and shrewdness. To Lord Sheffield the public look up with satisfaction, because they have been used to approve many of his sentiments; and what an accurate knowledge both of the science and practice of commerce can afford, may be expected from Mr. Baring.

But whatever may hereafter appear, an ample, fair, and just examination of this treaty is only to be expected from the Commons. There, indeed, party cannot be excluded; but good sense, knowledge of commerce, and great abilities will also be present. We have only to observe, that the treaty enters the House without one single petition or remonstrance raked to it, and if the West-India merchants are satisfied in the article of lowering the duties on rum, we have heard of no commercial body which have taken up arms against it. The advertisement from the Chamber of Commerce, if it means any thing, means an approbation of the treaty in general. To suppose an equivocation, is to suppose what that respectable society are incapable of. But we can go farther than an *if*; for the question being put to some of the Members of that Society, they avowed that their meaning was to approve of the treaty in general, but afford time to examine its several parts.

It is expected that when the great and infallible Financiers called upon by Mr. Sheridan to expati-

ate upon the amazingly overflowing product of the new taxes, he will display the most profound abilities, in the character of an orator, but it will be in that of Orator Muni!

It has been said, in support of the commercial treaty, that there has been as yet no body of manufacturers who have come forward with arguments to demonstrate its impolicy; that the resolution of the Chamber of Manufacturers seems to be in its favour; and that there is no meeting advertised in any part of the country; no memorials against it, nor any trait of dissatisfaction. This mode of arguing is unfair. The silence of the manufacturers is equivocal, and may be as reasonably construed to be against the treaty as for it. In truth, the only people that have spoken at all, have spoken against it.

But there is a difficulty occurring in the present case, which may have operated highly against those bodies who wished to declare their opposition to the treaty. The Chamber of Manufacturers are evidently divided on the question. The Manchester, Birmingham, and Staffordshire manufacturers, have of course great sway in that chamber, and the woollen bodies, as well as others, who may apprehend great danger to their interests, do not know where to communicate their thoughts, or how to collect the general sense, and convey it with force to the minister. They will, however, find the means.—Alarm is taken in many quarters of the country, and the great manufacturing interests of Britain will be divided on the business.

An account has been transmitted to town from a principal manufacturer at Sheffield, that an agent had for some time been down to that part of the kingdom to engage workmen in various branches, on which various artifices had been used to inveigle them to leave their work, and remove to another part of the kingdom. It, however, appeared, that the stranger was an agent for France; and on being known, he instantly disappeared. This is one of the effects of the French Treaty.

The Court of France, since the Commercial Treaty, has been *sur la tapis*, have been careful to remove the idea of religious differences, and would have us to understand, that there is no distinction now between the Protestant and Romish tenets—that we should look upon one another as brothers. Some cry up this recantation of doctrine, as the blessed effect of philosophy—while others scruple not to call it the fly manoeuvres of policy, but "*sub judice lis est*."

The King of France is now busily employed in making the way clear to universal toleration throughout his dominions. So much has his Majesty's Majesty this object at heart, that contrary to practice for time immemorial, he has admitted into the Royal Academy of Sciences at Paris, members who have withdrawn themselves from the pale of the mother church.

An edict has lately been published in France, commanding all officers in the army constantly to appear in regimentals.

By the same edict, the epaulet is to be confined to the military uniforms; and all servants are strictly prohibited from wearing this appendage to their dress.

Dutch politics are still Dutch politics, slow, and muddy, something always moving, and no one seeing the bottom of any thing.

The Duke of Orleans has had complete satisfaction of the Palace Royale. On the proposal of the Duke to purchase those houses, the proprietors had no objection to his Grace paying smart money, and inflamed their demand accordingly. The Duke lost no temper on this attempted imposition, nor time either, but planned the present beautiful building, entirely enclosing the garden, and excluding the whole view from the aforesaid houses, which, in consequence, are reduced 200 per cent. and are empty.

The Earl of Maffarene, of the kingdom of Ireland, has been confined near 27 years in the prison of the Chatelet at Paris. This young nobleman having been seduced by the specious arguments of a native of Tripoli, in Barbary, to enter into a plan for supplying the south of France with the article of salt, [salt constitutes one of the chief revenues of France] was induced to join in a formal security to a considerable amount, for the purpose of carrying this lucrative trade into execution; but the wild boar having left him in the lurch, his Lordship was arrested for the sum he was bound to pay, and thrown into prison, from whence endeavouring to make his escape, he was conveyed to the cell of a dungeon, 20 feet below the surface of the river Seine, where he remained a considerable time, and is now confined in the Grand Chatelet, where he beguiles the hours of his captivity, with some fair and humane Parisians who visit him in his gloomy abode. His Lordship appears like a Jew, not having been shaven these fifteen years, and makes himself perfectly happy in that situation, to which, by long habitude, he is become familiarised.

They write from Copenhagen, that the King, in order more effectually to encourage the steel manufacturers at Boerum, in Norway, has prohibited the importation of foreign steel in the northern parts of this kingdom. The manufacturers, that they may render this prohibition, which is to remain in force for three years, more advantageous, have opened several warehouses at Drontheim.

The only precedent to be found for the conduct of a certain northern Potentate in marrying a second wife whilst the first was yet living, is the history of a German Prince, who, at the time of the Crusades, brought home a Saracen Princess, whom he obtained licence of the Pope to marry, on her conversion to the Christian religion, though he had another wife yet alive. The latter, however, had previously consented to the union; and the three, it is added, lived in more union, than could be extracted from the history of the most happy couples of the present day.

The King of Prussia has granted a certain quantity of bread and wheat to the *Great Hospital of the Poor*; and, to guard them further against the inclemency of the season, the wood, which was hitherto used in his greenhouse, he has ordered to be given amongst the paupers, so that this act of bounty will deprive him of what might be considered merely as

ornamental, but, in its stead, will produce somewhat serviceable to himself, and to the state; besides, it will gain him the perpetual prayers and blessings of those who have been raised from misery and want to comfort, and a sufficiency for all the necessities of life.

One great object which Peter the Great had in view, was to make Russia a maritime power; with this intent he constructed a great number of men of war, and took infinite pains about his marine. The slightest victory obtained over a single ship of the enemy, gave him more satisfaction than the defeat of a large body of land forces. The present Empress has endeavoured, as well as his other successors, to perfect his plan. In the last war with the Porte, to the amazement of all Europe, she caused a Russian fleet to come from the bottom of the Baltic, to shake the remotest parts of the Mediterranean; to excite and support the insurrection of the Greeks, and to spread an alarm over every part of the vast empire of her enemies. Her fleets are now better manned than ever, her officers brave and able, and in case of a rupture with the Porte, which seems at no great distance, she will in all probability have a decided superiority by sea as well as by land.

The Hanoverian soldiers who have lately embarked on board the East India Company's ships at Gravesend, for Asia, have their own officers only as high as the rank of Captain; and of these the number is contracted below the usual military establishment of troops, who are on actual service. All the other officers are to be supplied from the Company's own military establishment in India, on the troops arriving at the different settlements to which they are destined. The soldiers also are not to be distinct, but intermingled with the other white troops, serving under the Company's standard in India; besides those already embarked, and others daily expected from Stade, a further negotiation is going on for more auxiliaries to go out in the autumn fleet.

Sir William Draper has left an only daughter about fourteen years old. She has a fortune of above 20,000 l. lately bequeathed to her by a relation.

Yesterday morning, died, at his house in Lincoln's-inn-fields, the Hon. Edward Wiles, Esq; one of the Judges of his Majesty's Court of King's Bench.

An indictment for seduction is preparing against a person, now in custody, till he procures bail. What is very extraordinary in this case, the *wife* prosecutes the husband; and the party injured is daughter to the wife, by a former husband.

A few days since a housekeeper near Gough-square, Fleet-street, was committed to the Compter, for forcibly entering a neighbour's house, knocking down the mistress, and demanding that her maid-servant should be surrendered to him, resolutely insisting that she was his wife. Some time before, he went to a public lying-inn hospital, and by pretending that a young woman, who had been his lodger, and who had been brought to bed but a fortnight, was his wife, by outrageous and terrifying behaviour induced the matron to permit her to depart; and taking her home in a hackney coach, he ordered his real wife, and the rest of his family to treat her as their mistress, and he kept hurdy-gurdies and other instruments playing before the door till midnight.

The evening of New Year's Day, he knocked down and trampled upon a woman who went into his shop to make a purchase, when her cries of murder bringing a crowd about the door, he sallied forth, and promiscuously striking and knocking down several casual passengers (he is a remarkable stout powerful man, upwards of six feet high), he returned into the house, and in a moment produced a cutlass and a blunderbuss, and presenting the latter, declared he would fire upon the people, saying, he was authorised to do so by the law. He was at length taken to St. Bride's watch-house, by two of the patrol, the watch not being set, where he was confined in the black-hole some hours, and was then dismissed, being deemed a lunatic. The following day he forced into a tailor's shop in High Holborn, and violently beat the master and his journeyman, while they were industriously employed on the shop-board. For this offence he was taken before a magistrate; who took bail for his appearance at the present sessions at Hick's-hall. On the evidence of this man, two men now under sentence of death in Newgate, were convicted at the last sessions at the Old Bailey.

The Mango-tree, and the true Cinnamon, are now flourishing in the West India Islands, having both produced seeds, so that there is no probability of their ever being lost there, as well as the Nankeen Cotton; with which we suppose most of our readers are in some measure acquainted. The plants of the Cinnamon-tree, and the Nankeen Cotton, were both captured last war on board a French East Indiaman, by Lord Rodney, and presented by him to the Governor of Jamaica, where we are told they now thrive abundantly. With regard to the Mango-tree, we meet with two accounts, which differ in some respects so far, that we are at a loss how to reconcile them. By the first account, we are told that Walter Maynard, a native of the island of Nevis, in the West Indies, sailing from Madras, touched at the island of Bourbon in his way to Europe; and having tasted the Mangos of that island, and finding they were a most delicious fruit, was induced to have some Mango plants put into pots with earth, in order, if possible, to plant them in the West Indies, and was happy enough to meet with a West India packet at sea, which induced him, at that time, to go in her to the island of St. Vincent, since which they have fruited, and are now propagated in almost all the West India islands. This happened in the year 1770. The original tree was destroyed by the hurricane 1780; but we are told, there are now many trees from the seeds of it that will bear this year.

By another account, we are told that the Mango-tree was planted at a place called the Guinea, in Barbadoes, about the year 1742, or 1743, which did not produce any fruit till the year 1760, or 1761, eighteen or nineteen years after it was plant-

ed; and that none of the young trees raised from this seed have yet produced fruit; whereas the St. Vincent's tree seems to have produced fruit in five or six years from the time of its being planted. Are these different kinds of Mangos? It does not appear, that the natives knew any thing of the Mangos of Barbadoes about the year 1776; though the original tree had then carried fruit at least nine years.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, Dec. 20.

"The Count de Gortz Alsteben has just arrived here for the purpose of effecting a treaty or compact proposed by the Empress of Russia to all the powers who have ports on the Baltic, for the guarantee and mutual security of their different trades. It is proposed to make certain stipulations by which all foreign ships must abide, and to keep up an effective naval force in the Baltic for the support of this plan. The Danish Ministry seem much inclined to accede to such a measure, but are withheld from a positive declaration of their sentiments, by the fear of inciting the resentment of other powers, which it is more than probable would, relent any innovations on the ancient treaties of trade and commerce."

Extract of a letter from Gibraltar, Dec. 12.

"A Russian vessel has arrived in the Mole from Constantinople, to repair, and has brought intelligence of the arrival of the annual French fleet from Marseilles, with goods of various sorts, particularly the woollens, lately so much made in France, for Eastern exportation. This fleet consists of a frigate, the *Cervaulone* of 30 guns, and a vessel armed *en suite* with 18 guns; the rest of the fleet consists of vessels to the number of 34, laden with all kinds of merchandize except wines, which the general Turkish laws prohibit, and which the French, in particular, find it their interest not to infringe."

"The intercourse between this port and the Barbary shore has been for some time impeded by three vessels of Tunis, but they have been taken by the Spanish ships, and the trade again flows in its usual channel."

Extract of a letter from Richmond, (America) Nov. 15.

"It is reported, that General Clarke, after destroying a quantity of corn, and two towns, taking a number of Indian prisoners, had proceeded on his march, but in three days his men became clamorous, and declining going farther, which obliged the brave General to return, with the loss of a few only in their march, by concealed straggling Indians. Intends to penetrate their country, with a large reinforcement. On the march, an Indian was shot in many places, and fell, having both thighs shattered. Advancing towards him, he raised himself up, fired his piece, and killed one man. Information was brought by a deserter, of a number of Shawanese being assembled in a town, carousing, with their chief Monetta; a party of infantry and cavalry, under Colonel Geary, immediately marched to the spot, rushed upon them by surprise, killed and took several prisoners, with their chief, who was somewhat hawked by General Geary, in presence of his wife and children."

CURATE.

I WAS riding one Sunday morning thro' a beautiful part of Monmouthshire; the delightful brought my mind into that happy frame of thought which fits it for the best exertions of its nature. While I was enjoying this state of intellectual luxury, and was enthusiastically repeating the hymn of Milton, "*These are thy works, parent of good!*" I entered a village, whose picturesque charms would be copied with rapture by the pencil of Gainsborough. Upon a gentle declivity stood the parish church, and the bells were ringing for morning service. Their service was, some how or other, in unison with my feelings, and seemed to call me to the public worship of that Being, by whom all things were created.

Under this impression I immediately dismounted, ordered my servant to take the horses to any inn he might find in the place, and walked up the hill with a mind well prepared for the duties I was about to perform.

As I entered the church, I was followed by a person of a mean appearance, and dressed in a shabby black coat, who, after opening a pew-door for me with great civility, entered the reading desk. He was the Curate of the parish, and though he was neither dirty nor ragged, in every other particular he wore the garb of poverty. But the moment he began the service, all the dignity of his office seemed to descend upon him; and when he ascended the pulpit, he dispensed the divine truths of religion with the eloquence of an apostle.

When the service was over, I thanked him for the good he had done me, and he asked me in return, to rest myself in his cottage. It was a very mean cottage; but, it told me, as I approached it, that its inhabitants were worthy of a better dwelling. The sweet briar at the gate was fragrant—the honey suckle flattered round the door, and the vine crept up the wall. I entered, and beheld a woman, whose manner of receiving me announced the having seen better days—she was rocking a cradle, and a little girl of about two years old clung to her apron. Three boys of different ages entered with us, and composed the whole of the Curate's family.

Poverty predominated through the scene;—but yet it seemed to be poverty without despair. When calling my eyes towards the hearth, I saw a large piece of dough baking in a pan upon an heap of embers, and my heart grew cold within me, lest the man who had been dispensing the food of life to others, should have nothing but what I saw where-with to nourish his family and himself. But I was mistaken; for he told me, that his neighbours were kind, and that there was not a person in his parish who dressed a joint of meat for his Sunday's dinner, without sending him a part of it. This was as it ought to be, and there soon poured in plenty from every part of the village. It was the offering of gratitude to virtue, and I was resolved to partake of it; so I sat down with them, and enjoyed a luxury

from the five Are ap- Man- gh the nine 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. 851. 852. 853. 854. 855. 856. 857. 858. 859. 860. 861. 862. 863. 864. 865. 866. 867. 868. 869. 870. 871. 872. 873. 874. 875. 876. 877. 878. 879. 880. 881. 882. 883. 884. 885. 886. 887. 888. 889. 890. 891. 892. 893. 894. 895. 896. 897. 898. 899. 900. 901. 902. 903. 904. 905. 906. 907. 908. 909. 910. 911. 912. 913. 914. 915. 916. 917. 918. 919. 920. 921. 922. 923. 924. 925. 926. 927. 928. 929. 930. 931. 932. 933. 934. 935. 936. 937. 938. 939. 940. 941. 942. 943. 944. 945. 946. 947. 948. 949. 950. 951. 952. 953. 954. 955. 956. 957. 958. 959. 960. 961. 962. 963. 964. 965. 966. 967. 968. 969. 970. 971. 972. 973. 974. 975. 976. 977. 978. 979. 980. 981. 982. 983. 984. 985. 986. 987. 988. 989. 990. 991. 992. 993. 994. 995. 996. 997. 998. 999. 1000.

which I had never found at the costly banquets of
rich and great ones.
We had scarce finished our meal, when the Co-
was called to visit a sick parishioner; and I
the opportunity to question his wife as to her
and history.
Her husband had married her, she said, while he
at Oxford, and, by that step, had given such of-
fence to an uncle, who had maintained and educated
him, that he had never seen him since. Her father
treated her with the same rigour, and they had
asylum to fly to but that which now protected
him. An annual stipend of twenty pounds for the
of that parish, and an additional income of
guineas, for performing monthly service at a
in the neighbourhood, was all her husband
of our neighbours, and the blessing of heaven,
children have never yet been ragged, nor want-
a morsel of bread. Indeed, added she, with tears
eking down her cheeks, my poor husband is not
human mould; he bears his affliction with the
of a saint, and the resolution of a martyr;—he
not how he is clad, so his children have a
clothing; nor does he regard what he eats,
they have their daily food; and when he hears
prattle, and sees me smile, he finds beneath
that a transient heaven. His life is more es-
sential than his tongue, and, by contemplating his
sins, and sharing his sorrows, I have, in this shed,
moments of delight, that have almost banished
from my mind the remembrance of better days. But
is just, and we shall not always be forgotten.
I trust not, Madam, said I. What sorrows may
be in store for you, I know not, but those of po-
and oppression you shall know no more; so
pping my purse into her lap, I bid her expect to
me again in a few weeks, and without waiting
a reply, left the cottage, and pursued my
way.
have since averted the uncle's anger, and resto-
the daughter to the affection of her father.
all now live in comfort together, and I some-
times live with them. Their daily prayers ascend
the gates of heaven for me, and their blessings
all upon my name; nor would I exchange them
all the honours which Kings have it in their
power to bestow.

ANECDOTE OF JUNIUS.—The letters of Junius ha-
excited the admiration of all Europe, it may
be unacceptable to our readers to make them ac-
quainted with the elegant author of them. Not long
ago Junius terminated his literary career, the
of R—ch—d was one day taking a morning
walk, when he accidentally met with the Right
W—m G—rr—d H—m—l—n, who
his Grace if he had that day read Junius, for
he was greater than ever. Mr H— then
to recite several parts of the letter, which led
Duke to return home in order to peruse the
under, when, to his very great surprise, he
that no such letter had made its appearance.
Public Advertiser of that day. His Grace
noticed the circumstance to several of his friends,
in the day following the identical letter appear-
ing by accident or mistake been omitted to
be inserted, as was intended by Mr H— the prece-
day. This led to the investigation for several
the author of Junius, and a Cabinet Council
forthwith assembled, to determine on what was
to be done. The Earl of Suffolk, at that
one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of
State, was very violent on the occasion, and recom-
mended committing Mr H— (he being a member
of Parliament, and Privy Counsellor in Ireland)
prisoner to the Tower. This measure the fa-
vour Lord Mansfield as violently opposed; wisely
saying, that the letters of Junius had already fully
ruined and alarmed the spirit of the nation,
the sooner it was quieted, the better. In conse-
quence of this salutary council, a message was sent
to Mr H—, to acquaint him, that he was
at liberty, and that it was his M—y's pleasure, he
should continue to hold for life, the apartments
which he has ever since occupied in the palace of
St. James.

PRICE OF STOCKS, JAN. 15.
Stock, — India Stock, 104 ex div.
per cent. 1777, 94½
— 3 per cent. India Ann.
— India Bonds, 47 s. prem.
— New Navy and Vict. Bills, —
— Long Ann. —
— 10 Years Short Ann. 1777.
— 30 Years Ann. 1778. —
— Exch. Bills, —
— Lottery Tickets, 15 l. 1 s.
— a 1 s. 6 d.
— Consols for Jan. 76½
— Ditto for Feb. 76½
— 175 l. 1 s. 10 d.
— 175 l. 1 s. 10 d.

WIND AT DEAL, JAN. 14. E.

EDINBURGH.
Extract of a letter from London, Jan. 15.
They write from Constantinople, the 15th No-
ber last, that a courier, sent from Grand Cairo
the Capitan Pacha, had arrived there the 21st of
month, charged with dispatches of importance,
contents of which are as follow: "That the
Capitan-Pacha, who was in perfect health at Grand
Cairo, having sent two Beys, who are under his
command, with an army of 20,000 men, in pursuit
of the fugitive Beys, there was a sudden and smart
engagement between the former and the latter,
the force consisted of about 60,000 men, for the
part Arabians, who having been beaten and
to flight, had abandoned all their artillery and
baggage, and had retreated in great disorder to Up-
Egypt:—That they had lost a great number of
men, who had either been slain, or wounded, or
prisoners in the field of battle:—That among
number of the latter were many Arabian Chiefs;
and that the two Chiefs Ibrahim-Bey and Mu-
bey had notwithstanding found means to escape,
and to conceal themselves so carefully, that the
of their retreat was absolutely unknown."—
The last advices received from Egypt, the Cap-
itan-Pacha had retired to Alexandria.

"It is asserted, that Prince Heracles, sovereign
of Georgia, not thinking himself sufficiently sup-
ported by Russia, had, by the mediation of the Pacha of
Achilla, concluded peace with all his enemies; and
that he is of new declared independent, on acknow-
ledging himself tributary to the Ottoman Porte.
The loan to be raised for the present year is
two millions; and the mode by which it will be ob-
tained will be by way of *tontine*. The interest to
be provided for with a small increase of imbursement
to the public. An increase on the perfume tax,
doubling the licenses on attorneys, the game licenses,
cards and dice, and duty on prints, are amongst the
objects thought of.
Some very material alterations respecting our
Consuls abroad, are expected to be made, Lord
Hawkesbury having undertaken to do it.
On Thursday evening, the first meeting was
held, for the present season, of the members of Op-
position, at Brook's, when Mr Fox, in a short
speech, amongst other things, expressed his disap-
probation of the commercial treaty, which he consid-
ered in a summary way, and treated as not so much
objectionable in point of trade, but as extremely ha-
zardous to some of the best political interests of this
country.
Petitions are actually preparing on this impor-
tant subject, from various places, and counter-peti-
tions from as many more. Gloucestershire is ex-
pected to be the first to petition against, and War-
wickshire and Staffordshire for the treaty.
The spirit of opposition against the shop-tax is
higher than ever; and a determined resolution to ob-
tain a repeal seems to pervade the whole metropolis.
The meeting agreed to be held at Leatherfellers
Hall, is now to be held at Guildhall, the former not
being thought large enough to contain the mer-
chants, traders, shop-keepers, and others, that are
to meet for the purpose of considering of a petition
to Parliament on the occasion.
An equal land-tax is to be a matter of discus-
sion the ensuing session, the mode to be by reducing
the land-tax to one shilling in the pound, and, in
its stead, levying one shilling in the pound on the
poor-rates as they now stand.
On the 10th instant, died at West Livilands,
near Stirling, Mrs Thomas Christie, in her 80th
year.
Died, on the 11th instant, after a few days ill-
ness, at the manse of Balfour, the Rev. Mr Hugh
Gourlay, minister of that parish.
This being the day appointed for the celebration
of her Majesty's birth-day; in the morning the flag
from the Castle was displayed; at noon, a round of
the great guns was fired; and the same was ob-
served as a holiday at the Banks and other public offices.
The evening is expected to conclude with the
most brilliant Assembly that has taken place here for
many years.
Yesterday, a motion was made in Council, that
there be added to the bill proposed to be brought in
this session of Parliament for further improvements
in this city, a clause empowering the Magistrates to
purchase and pull down the Luckenbooths, except
the prison, which is to be allowed to remain till a
new prison or bridewell shall be built. By the for-
mer bill, the Luckenbooths were not to be pulled
down till the erection of a prison or bridewell.
On the fourth of Heriot's Hospital should be exposed
to sale, and likewise that part of the wall which is
on the south of the College. It was also moved,
that application should be made to the Governors of
Watson's Hospital, to form a parapet wall and iron
rail, nearly opposite to that which is to be erected
by the Governors of Heriot's Hospital, leaving a
road of 100 feet between these parapet walls. The
above motions were all received, and remitted to
the consideration of the Lord Provost, Magistrates,
and Council.
Yesterday, Daniel Daveron, soldier in the 56th
regiment of foot, convicted before the High Court
of judicature of the crimes of street and highway
robberies, was hanged, at the usual place of execu-
tion, in pursuance of the sentence of that Supreme
Court. Daveron was a genteel well-looking young
man, of about 22 years of age, born in Ireland; and,
having professed himself an unworthy member of the
Church of Rome, was indulged by the Magistrates,
since sentence was pronounced against him, with the
attendance of two clergymen of that persuasion; for
which, and other marks of kindness, he expressed
the utmost gratitude. He was not accompanied on
the scaffold by any clerical gentlemen; those of his
own persuasion being unwilling to give the smallest
offence to even the most scrupulous of the establish-
ed religion; while the clergy of this city, very pro-
perly, on the other hand, did not wish to force their
services on a person who thought himself so much
better appointed. He appeared very penitent, and
behaved in every respect suitable to one in his un-
happy situation.
Yesterday, a fire broke out in the offices of Monk-
toun, near Musselburgh, which were burnt to the
ground. The cattle were all saved. The dwell-
ing-house was not touched.
To-morrow there will be an eclipse of the Sun,
visible:
Begins 9 h. 42 m. 46 f. morning.
Middle 10 20 50
Ends 11 2 10
Digits eclipsed, 1 deg. 34 m. on the north
limb
The Moon first touches the Sun's western limb
at 42 deg. 10 m. from the Sun's vertex.
On the night of the 3d instant, during the eclipse
of the Moon, the tide rose from six to eight inches
higher than usual on Dublin Bar, and what is re-
markable, all the fishing banks from the Kish to the
Salices, abounded for 24 hours with myriads of ex-
cellent fish, a quantity of which were caught by the
wherries and brought up to Dublin.
On the same night, it was observed that for one
hour before the rising of the moon, a continued and
very extraordinary Aurora Borealis was discernable.
On Saturday the 6th of January, betwixt ten and
eleven forenoon, a shock of an earthquake was felt
in the parishes of Campsie and Strathblane, about

ten miles north of Glasgow. At Woodhead in
Campsie, a burn, on which there is a mill, became
dry in several places, for a short space. At Ler-
rick Green, in the parish of Strathblane, a gentle-
man who was in the fields, and who had resided
many years in Jamaica, heard a rushing noise pre-
cede the shock, which he thought came in a direc-
tion from the south-east. He likewise observed the
hedges to be agitated, as if a sudden gulf of wind
had affected them, though it was then still. At
Newtown, in the same parish, the shock was more
sensibly felt, and the people were so alarmed as to
run out to the fields, their houses shook so. Many
other people felt the shock; and in different houses,
doors that had been locked were thrown open; chi-
na dishes and bottles jingled, by striking against
one another. The horses in a plough that was at
work stood still with fear. The shock was likewise
felt in the parishes of New Kilpatrick, Kilslearn, and
Fintray.
There is now in the garden of Mr Theakston,
attorney in York, a cowslip in full blow, having
blown ever since Michaelmas last. The same flower
blew the year before about the same time, and con-
tinued till about Candlemas.
The great increase of trade at Hull may be esti-
mated by the following state of the dock-accounts
for the year 1786: There arrived 444 ships from
foreign ports, and 606 from British and Irish ports,
in all 1050 sail of vessels, containing 132,108 tons,
which paid dock-dues to the amount of 6300 l.
The two persons apprehended at Glasgow for the
robbery of Mr Wilson, mentioned in our last,
proved to be Thomas Veitch shoemaker, and John
M'Aulay blacksmith. Veitch is about 22 years
of age, and was lately whipt out of the 63d regt.—
M'Aulay is about 19 years old. It is said, they
belonged to a gang of twenty that have carried on
their depredations against the public, for a conside-
rable time past in Glasgow.
On Friday evening, William Moir, a confes-
sioner in Aberdeen, returning from a market at Banff,
stopped at the public house of Kinghorn to take some
refreshment; but when he went to his cart, which
he had left in the close, he found the cords had been
cut, and a quantity of his goods carried off; to
complete his misfortune, he was afterwards attacked
near Torrylath by two fellows, one of whom was
dressed as a sailor, who robbed him of 3 l. and beat
him so unmercifully, that he lies ill of his bruises at
a neighbouring public house.
A young man of very genteel address and appear-
ance has lately made an attempt to obtain money at
Leicester under false pretences. He first applied to
the bank of Messrs. Boulton and Mansfield, and
tendered a draft for payment, which, he said, he
had given cash for in London to a Gentleman who
was recommended to him by his friend Sir John
Thorogood;—but as they knew nothing of the
draft, the draft was of course refused. After
leaving the office for some time, he returned, and
endeavoured to obtain some cash upon loan, till he
could write to town, and get it from thence; he
drew a bill upon Cox and Maire, Agents to the re-
giment to which, he said, he belonged; this bill was
accordingly that evening sent to town. Finding no
possibility of getting cash at the bank, he pretended
relationship to two gentlemen of that place; said he
knew, that his name was Ludlam, that he was Cap-
tain in the 78th regiment, quartered at the Mount
near Madras, and that he was going to Hull. A-
mongst others that he attempted to borrow money
of, was the landlord of the inn, and finally of his
waiters; but they having been *Simplified* lately,
could not be duped again. He was dressed in blue,
with gold button holes, a scarlet waistcoat, on which
was a narrow gold lace, black breeches, &c. He
is about thirty, tall, and genteel in his person and
address.
On Thursday next, the 25th inst. there is to be
an ASSEMBLY at LEITH. It is requested the
Ladies may be in the Ball Room by half past six,
as the tickets for dancing are then to be distributed.
Extract of a letter from Dumfries, January 16.
On Wednesday evening last, about a quarter
past six o'clock, David McKie, at the Gill-loch,
was returning from this market, where he had been
selling meal, he was attacked at Dunning's loaning,
within half a mile of the town, by a thick stone-
made man, with a plaid on, and a bar of a gateway
in his hand, who threw him on the ground, and
getting upon him with his knees, robbed him of his
whole money, amounting to one guinea in gold, and
one pound eighteen shillings in silver, with which
he made clear off.
Same day, a quantity of eggs that had been that
day bought up by some foresters of the markets
here, were seized by order of the Dean, and sold
by his order at the market price, being three-pence
per dozen.
Our market has been most abundantly supplied
with fresh fish this season: cod, in particular, has
been so reasonable, as to be sold for one penny and
three halfpence per lb. on an average, for these two
last months.
Oatmeal sold here last market day at one shil-
ling and eight-pence per stone.
Extract of a letter from Dublin, Jan. 9.
By a letter from Newport-pratt, in the county
of gentlemen and persons concerned in the mercan-
tile line, to apply to Parliament in the course of the
approaching session, at the same time offering to ad-
vance an equal sum of their own private property
for a loan, in order to enable them to prosecute the
fisheries on the south-west coasts of the kingdom
with vigour and effect. It is hoped the application
may be attended with success, as it must not only
employ a number of people, but extend its good
effects to all ranks, by increasing the circulation of
cash.
The London trader, Success, lately sunk near
the North Bull, has, in consequence of the favour-
able weather last week, been got afloat, and is now
at anchor off the Pigeon-hole. The cargo is all
on shore, but will save a considerable loss.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Jan. 15.
Wednesday five prisoners, who, on Saturday
night last, made an attempt to break part of the goal
of Kilmalham, were tried at the county sessions for
the same; when, being convicted on the clearest evi-
dence of such attempt, they all received sentence
of death, the attempting to break prison being made
by a late act, a capital felony in this kingdom. Mr
Serjeant Tolery, the presiding judge at Kilmalham,
on passing sentence on the criminals, expatiated
with much energy on the atrociousness of the act,
and intimated that it was necessary to make exam-
ples, in order to enforce a due obedience and sub-
mission, in prisoners, to the laws of the land.
Dispensary, Sobo-Square, London, instituted 1773,
for relief of persons afflicted with the Scurvy, Gout,
Rheumatism, &c.
Petitions for admission, however respectable the
recommendation may be, cannot with propriety be
attended to, after one o'clock of the day.—There
is no subscription for this Charity, yet it is a known
fact with what liberality patients are received, how
soon they are benefited by the administration of my
medicine; a medicine, I own with peculiar pride,
is a mineral and vegetable composition. It possesses
powerful virtues, which are elucidated in a nume-
rous list of cures, attested by respectable personages.
Should the five shilling bottles be advanced in price,
which is in contemplation, it is a tribute due to the
excellency of the ANTISCORBUTIC DROPS,
prepared by the public's confidential servant,
FRANCIS SPILSBURY.
Mr Spilbury's celebrated Drops are vended
by J. Caw, Edinburgh; J. Duncan, Glasgow;
and A. Thomson, Aberdeen. Where also may be
had, his Treatise on the Scurvy, Gout, Diet, 3d
edition, with the particulars of near ninety cures.
Price 2s.
State of the Thermometer since our last:
Tuesd. Jan. 16. 8 o'clock, P. M. 41
Wednesd. — 17. 8 — A. M. 36
— — — — 8 — P. M. 40
Thursd. — 18. 8 — A. M. 40
PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, JAN. 15.
Wheat, 18s. 9d. Second, 18s. 6d. Third, 17s. 6d.
Barley, 16 6 15 6 14 6
Oats, 12 6 12 6 11 6
Pease, 16 6 14 6 13 6
PRICES OF CORN AT CORN EXCHANGE, JAN. 15.
Per Quarter. s. s. d. Beans, 26 to 30 0
Wheat, 30 to 37 6 Ticks, 24 to 26 0
Barley, 20 to 23 6 Tares, 28 to 34 0
Rye, 23 to 26 6
Oats, 15 to 20 6 Flour per Sack.
Pale Malt, 30 to 33 0 First, 30
Brown Malt, 31 to 33 6 Second, 27
Pease, 34 to 38 0 Third, 22 to 23 6
Hog Pease, 26 to 29 0 Rape Seed — per last.
ARRIVED AT LEITH.
Jan. 16. Betsey, Robertson, from Brewick, with grain.
Margaret, Arthur, from Glasgow, with goods.
17. Peterburgh, Brown, from Wiltch, with grain.
Falkirk Packet, Ford, from Carron, with goods.
Cambridge, Anderson, from Lynn, with grain.
Jean, Bogg, from ditto, with ditto.
SAILED.
Friends Inverness, for Glasgow, with goods.
ARRIVED AT GREENOCK.
Jan. 8. Lilly, M'Naught, from Drogheda, with barley.
Nancy, Dempster, from Donaghadee, with ditto.
Richard, Carran, from Killoch, with ditto.
Janet and Jean, Miller, from Drogheda, meal & oats.
9. Good Intent, Roche, from Youghall, with barley.
10. Two Sisters, M'Munn, from Strongford, with ditto.
Nimrod, Ritchie, from Oporto, with wine.
Mally, Ferguson, from the Isles fishing, with herrings.
Elliot, Ward, from Liverpool, with goods.
11. Fortitude, Hunter, from Virginia, with tobacco.
James, Alexander, from Drogheda, with meal.
Mary and Bell, Black, from ditto, with ditto.
Bounty, Reid, from Strongford, with barley.
Chapman, Mains, from Donaghadee, meal and barley.
Favourite, Angus, from Drogheda, with goods.
Elizabeth, Orr, from Drogheda, with barley.
Francis, Hicks, from Youghall, with ditto.
12. Dispatch, Gray, from Liverpool, with goods.
13. Boyd, Boyd, from Virginia, with tobacco.
SAILED.
9. Ann, Blair, for Sligo, with goods.
Peggy and Janet, Hutton, for Dublin, with ditto.
Amelia, M'Naught, for ditto, with ditto.
10. Fanny, Ritchie, for North Carolina, with ditto.
Diana, Kerr, for Oporto, in ballast.
John, M'Munn, for Limerick, with coals.
Mary, Fullerton, for Londonderry, with goods.
11. Rosamond, Angus, for Grenada, with ditto.
Hopewell, M'Arthur, for Liverpool, with ditto.
Euphrates, Campbell, for Jamaica, with ditto.
Elizabeth, Fife, for Jamaica, with ditto.
12. Venus, Radcliff, for Belfast, with ditto.
14. Nelly, Denny, for Liverpool, with ditto.
Just Published,
And SOLD by J. DICKSON and W. CRECH,
(Price Three pence.)
OBSERVATIONS
By ROBERT WHITWORTH, Esq; Engineer,
On several SCHEMES and PLANS proposed for enlarging
and improving the HARBOUR of LEITH.
With ANSWERS to the OBJECTIONS made to TWO
PLANS formerly presented by him, in a Letter to the
Right Hon. the Lord Provost of Edinburgh.
A CARD.
MR FERDINAND'S PUBLIC PRACTISING at the
Feeling Academy, the Royal Arch, near the Es-
change, begin on Saturday the 20th of January, at seven
o'clock evening, and will take place once a fortnight on Sa-
turdays.—To prevent the intrusion of improper people, such
gentlemen as wish for admission, will apply for tickets, on or
before Saturday morning.
N. B. Mr Ferdinand teaches as usual, from eleven to three
afternoon.
INN AT GLAMMIS.
JOHN MACLEAN, late butler to Sir David Carnegie
Baronet, of Southesk, respectfully informs the Nobility
Gentry, and others, that he has taken and entered to the
INN at GLAMMIS, formerly possessed by Mr William
Monro, and has now furnished and fitted it up in such a
manner, as he hopes will render every accommodation per-
fectly agreeable to those who may be pleased to honour him
with their countenance.
N. B. Neat post-chaises, good horses, and careful drivers
on the shortest notice.

Lands in Dunbartonshire, AND HOUSES IN EDINBURGH TO SELL.
To be sold by private bargain,
THE LANDS OF STUCKGOWN, STUCKADOW, and STUCKAVULICH, lying in the parish of Arrochar and three of Dunbarton, yielding of free rent, after deduction of all public burdens, about 104 Sterling.
These lands are held of a subject superior, for payment of a small feu-duty, are pleasantly situated on the south-west side of Lochlomond, of considerable extent, and all inclosed with sufficient fences. Tarbert Inn makes part of the premises, and the course of the post road between Dunbarton and Inveraray is through them. There are very extensive thriving oak woods and other woods on the lands, one cutting of which, at the distance of twenty years from the former one, is moderately estimated at 1000 l. Sterling. A very considerable part of these woods has not been cut since the year 1771; and besides the proceeds of such periodical sales, the woodings or underwood, sold for barrel hoops, coal baskets, &c. yield annually, at an average, 20 l. Sterling, which is not included in the rental.
2. A DWELLING HOUSE in Prince's Street, No. 52, consisting of four floors and a garret storey, containing a kitchen, a pantry, and twelve fire rooms, besides closets and three garrets; also a wine cellar fitted up with catacombs and four other cellars; together with a small garden, a water pipe, a pump well, and other conveniences.
3. A DWELLING-HOUSE in the Old Assembly Close, being the fourth storey on the north side of the great scale stairs on the west side, and near the middle of that close, consisting of six fire rooms, a kitchen, two cellars, two garrets, and other conveniences, presently occupied by Mr Leslie seedman.
4. A DWELLING-HOUSE, being the third storey on the south side of the scale stairs of Gavintoch's Land, in Forrester's Wynd, consisting of four fire-rooms, a kitchen, cellar, garret, &c. presently possessed by Mr James Stormonth, writer in Edinburgh.
5. A DWELLING-HOUSE, consisting of four rooms and a kitchen, being the third storey of that tenement of land lying on the west side of Carrubber's Close, and adjoining to the fourth end of Fogo's Land, presently possessed by Mrs Rebecca Laing.
6. A DWELLING-HOUSE on the west side and near the lower end of Carrubber's Close, immediately above the entry from thence to Halkerton's Wynd, consisting of three rooms, a garret and a kitchen, presently occupied by Patrick Hunter marble-cutter.
7. DWELLING-HOUSE near the middle of Gray's Close, on the north side of the High Street, consisting of two floors and a garret storey, with a small garden or area adjoining thereto, presently possessed by Mr Thom.
8. Two DWELLING-HOUSES in the upper end of Chalmers's Close, being the top-storey of a tenement fronting the High Street; one of the houses consisting of three rooms and a kitchen; the other of two rooms, a garret and a kitchen. They are presently possessed by Mrs Armour and Francis Allan.
Articles 3d, 4th, and 5th of the before-mentioned subjects are insured in the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance Office against losses by fire, on the original plan, and the premiums paid up.
For further particulars, those intending to purchase are desired to apply to George Andrew, writer in Edinburgh, who will show the title-deeds, rentals, &c. and hath power to enter into treaties with them.
JUDICIAL SALE
By Adjournment—Upset Price Reduced.
TO BE SOLD by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 24th January 1787, between the hours of four and six o'clock afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,
The Remaining Subjects which belonged to James Alcorn, Clerk and Watchmaker in Edinburgh. The House and Garret in Merline's Wynd, late proven rent of 800 at the
The House below Neill and Gordon, lately possessed by David Williamson, poultryman, at the proven rent of 800
Sum of proven rent, L. 1600
And the proven value, or upset price, was nine years purchase of said proven rent, amounting to L. 14400
But the upset price is now reduced to 12000
Which is only seven and a half years purchase of the proven rent; a small value for houses lying in the vicinity of the South Bridge, where it may be expected the value of property will be considerably increased by the improvements now making.
The articles of roup, and title-deeds, may be seen by applying at the office of Keith Dunbar, deputy clerk of Session, or George Cairncross, writer in Edinburgh, agent in the sale.
Lands in Caithness.
TO BE SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, (A. Ramsay's) Edinburgh, upon Friday the 16th March 1787, between the hours of five and six afternoon,
All and Whole the Lands of Thurster, Hethwall and Quoylic, Blengby, Stircock, Hawsquoy, Graystones and Achairn, Wedderclett, and Upper and Nether Hausters, all lying contiguous, and within the parish of Wick.
The whole of these lands lie from two to three English miles of the royal burgh of Wick; and from the moorlands on this estate, which are very extensive, the inhabitants of this burgh are almost totally supplied with peats for firing. The lands are besides, of very considerable extent, and capable of great improvement, and there is the appearance of very good limestone thereon. The rent consists totally of money and victual, the customs and casualties being converted at a very moderate rate, and the services abolished. At the same time, if a purchaser inclined, the tenants would readily agree to pay the customs, &c. in kind. The valued rent of these lands affords within a trifle of two freehold qualifications, for the election of a member of Parliament for said county; but if the purchaser inclines he may have the lands with or without the superiority. There is an old mansion-house upon the estate, which at a trifling expence might be repaired, so as to accommodate a family; and there is a very good store-house for victual lately repaired.
The purchaser may retain a considerable part of the price in his hands, upon finding good heritable security.
The rental of these lands may be had by applying to the proprietor at Edinburgh; and copies thereof, with the articles of roup, title-deeds, and progress of writs, which are complete, may be seen in the hands of William Sinclair, writer to the signet; to either of whom persons inclining to purchase by private bargain before the day of sale may apply.
TO BE SOLD by public roup, within the Trades Hall of Dundee, upon Tuesday the 6th day of February next, at three o'clock afternoon,
THE GOOD BRIGANTINE, The Ann & Betsey OF PERTH,
Now lying in the harbour of Dundee. This vessel was built in the Frith of Forth, in the year 1783, is well found, carries 130 tons dead weight, and sails remarkably fast.
Her inventory, with the articles of roup, are to be seen in the hands of Thomas Mawer, writer in Dundee.



HOPE PARK.
TO BE SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 25th January, 1787, at six o'clock afternoon.
MR RIDDEL'S HOUSE AT HOPE PARK, with Coach-house, Stable, and other office-houses, and about two acres of ground.
For particulars, apply to the proprietor, or to Mr Erskine, clerk to the signet.
Ground at Leith to be leased.
THERE is to be leased out, by public roup, in Mrs Sarsfield's, on the Shore of Leith, on the 26th January 1787, at six evening.
These **YARDS or AREAS** lying betwixt the Horse Wynd and the Sheep-head Wynd in Leith, with the two ranges of houses built on part of said areas, presently possessed by Mrs Martin grocer, Alexander Wilson, and others.
This property runs 70 feet along St Andrew's Street, and has a greater front to St Giles Street; and being situated within a few yards of the Harbour, is well calculated either for building on, or for the purpose of a manufactory.
Persons inclining to purchase before the day of sale, may apply to Alexander Neilson writer in Leith.
TO BE SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 19th day of January 1787, between the hours of five and six afternoon,
That Lodging being the Third Storey of Allan's Buildings, Heriot's Entry, Grassmarket.
It consists of the Third and Fourth Storeys, having an inside stair of communication between them. The third storey contains a large handsome drawing-room and dining-room, bed-room with closet and press, and a kitchen. On the upper floor there are three good bed-rooms, with closets and other conveniences. The whole is well lighted, and has an excellent prospect of the country to the west and east, and there is likewise a good cellar belonging to the house.
The entry may be immediately upon the sale. The progress of writs, and articles of roup to be seen in the hands of Allan Clarke writer to the signet, to whom any person desirous of further information, or to purchase by private bargain before the day of roup, may apply.
TO BE SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 31st day of January 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six in the afternoon,
The Subjects belonging to Andrew Dick mason, lying on the west side of Broughton Loan.—The premises consist of a number of small houses, possessed by different tenants, yielding altogether about £. 30 Sterling per annum. From the situation, the subjects must soon be of considerable value, as the communication betwixt the fourth side of the New Town and Leith, will go near in the direction where they are situated.
The entry will be at Whitsunday first.
The title-deeds and rental are in the hands of George Imbach, writer in Edinburgh, to whom such as incline to purchase may apply.
TO BE SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 31st day of January current, between the hours of five and six afternoon,
A HOUSE at the east end of Crichton Street, being the first above the level of the street, with the Ground Flat below the same, as presently possessed by Dr Touch.
The principal flat consists of a dining-room, drawing-room, three bed rooms, and closets.—In the sunk flat there is a kitchen, laundry, three bed rooms, wine cellar, and three other cellars, with the privilege of a well and bleaching green behind the house.
This property could, at a very small expence, be converted into shops and warehouses, for which it is remarkably well adapted, from its situation in a populous neighbourhood, and its vicinity to the South Bridge.
For particulars apply to Alexander Gardner at Exchequer, as can be agreed upon a number of years.
THE Dwelling-house, Park, Garden, and Offices on St John's Hill, south back of the Canongate, entering by St John's Street, which belonged to the late Dr Lothian, presently possessed by David Urquhart, Esq. of Braclawingwell.
The House is pleasantly situated, and consists of dining-room, drawing-room; seven bed rooms, with garrets, closets, and presses; besides a kitchen and cellars in the two pavilions adjoining to the house, one of which might be easily converted into a coach-house and stables. There is also half an acre of ground laid out in a garden, park, and shrubbery about the house. The feu-duty for the whole premises is two shillings annually.
To be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays, from twelve to two o'clock.
For further particulars enquire at Robert Brown, writer to the signet.
TO BE LET for one or more years, as can be agreed upon, by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 31st day of January 1787; between the hours of one and two afternoon,
The King's Park, adjoining to the Abbey of Holyroodhouse, as possessed by George Hinmarrs and others.—the entry to be at Candlemas old stile. The King's Park is now divided into several different inclosures, which will be let together or separately.
Proposals may be given in, previous to the day of roup, to Mr Alexander Nairne accountant in Edinburgh, or to Joseph Cavin, writer to the signet, by any person wishing to make a private bargain; and George Hinmarrs, at the house of King's Park, will show the grounds.
N. B. The creditors of the said George Hinmarrs are requested to lodge their grounds of debt, and oaths of verity thereon, with Mr Nairne the trustee.
LANDS, HOUSE, GARDEN, &c. IN STIRLINGSHIRE.
To be sold by Private Bargain.
THE Lands of Wester Livilands, Meadowlands, CHAPLECKROFT, and BIZETLAND, lying in the parish of St Ninian's, and thire of Stirling.
The lands consist of about seventy Scots acres, partly carle, and partly dryfield, all inclosed and subdivided, and of very fine soil. Livilands holds of the Crown, and is valued in the cess-books at above 200 l. Scots. The other lands, which are of no great extent, hold of subjects superior, for payment of small feu-duties. The lands are at present all out of tack.
There is a very good mansion house on the premises, consisting of nine rooms and a kitchen, in good repair, with good offices and out houses, and a very good kitchen garden and orchard; there are also a considerable number of old trees and young planting on the lands.
The situation of the house is perhaps one of the pleasantest and most beautiful in any country, commanding a view of the windings of the River Forth, from Stirling downwards for many miles, and of the rich and fertile country on both sides of the River. It is within a quarter of a mile of the village of St Ninian's, and little more than half a mile from the town of Stirling, where there is an excellent market; and the communication with Edinburgh is rendered very commodious, as there are stage coaches six days in the week, which arrive at Stirling and Edinburgh by three o'clock each day.
For further particulars apply to Alexander Abercromby, writer to the signet, or John McGibbon, town clerk of Stirling.
Andrew Downie at Livilands will show the premises.

A House and Area to Sell.
AS the HOUSE presently possessed by the Antiquarian Society, lying on the north side of the Cowgate of Edinburgh, is found improper for the purpose of their Museum, it is proposed to dispose of the same, with the Area thereto belonging, by public roup, on Friday the 19th January 1787, in the Exchange Coffeehouse, between the hours of twelve and one noon. The House consists of three stories, containing the following apartments, and conveniences, viz. In the ground storey a large kitchen, a servants hall adjoining, an ale cellar, a coal cellar, and a cellar fitted up with catacombs;—on the parlour floor, a lobby, a large parlour, three fire-rooms, and a room without a fire place;—on the second floor, five rooms with fire places;—on the third floor, the same number of fire rooms, with two large closets;—and in the upper or garret floor, which is neatly lathed and plastered, the same number of apartments.
On the well side of the house, a hen-house, middling-stead, and two little houses;—on the front of the Area, and on the line with the Cowgate, two handsome pavilions, for stables, coach-house, and hay-lofts.—The Area is in length from north to south 228 feet; and in breadth fronting the Cowgate, 66 feet. There is a water-pipe in the house from the town's pipes, which runs into a large cistern of lead at the kitchen door. There is a carriage entry to the house by the Cowgate, and also a foot entry from the High Street, by the New Bank Close.
The premises are in good order, and may be seen every day, Sundays excepted, between eleven and two o'clock.
For particulars enquire at John Dundas writer to the signet, who has power to conclude a private bargain; or to Mr Cumming the Secretary for the Society, at the house, by whom it will be shown.
By Adjournment.
JUDICIAL SALE.
Lands in Dumfriesshire.
TO BE SOLD by public roup, under the authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 24th day of January 1787, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, in one or more lots.
THE LANDS and ESTATE of LAIRDHOLME, LINHALL, and RAVENSHILL, with the teinds thereof, which belonged to the deceased William Johnston of Lairdholme, lying in the parish of Tundergarth, and thire of Dumfries.
The proven rent of the above lands is 1181 l. 7 s. 4 d. Sterling, which the Lords having valued at 20 years purchase, the upset price is 2367 l. 6 s. 8 d. Sterling.
These lands hold feu of subjects superior; they are agreeably situated upon the water of Milk, within five miles of Lockerby and Ecclefechan, and four from the lime-quarries of Blackcragg. They are very extensive, consisting of arable, meadow, and pasture ground, in a proper proportion.—The first are of a fine sharp soil.—The last are fit both for sheep and black cattle. The whole being almost in a state of nature, are capable of great improvement, which may be carried on at a moderate expence. There are large peat moors in different parts of the estate, which are very valuable, fuel being scarce in that part of the country. A mansion-house, garden, and offices, are also on the premises, with a considerable quantity of young wood, natural and planted.
If more agreeable to offerers, the above lands will be exposed in the two following lots:
LOT I. To consist of the Lands of Lairdholme and Linhall, presently possessed by Mrs Johnston, the proven feu rent of which is 83 l. 12 s. 8 d. Sterling.
On this lot is the mansion-house, garden, and offices.
LOT II. To consist of the Farm of Ravenshill, possessed by Thomas Johnston, at 34 l. 14 s. 8 d. of nett rent, after all deductions.
The articles of roup and title-deeds, will be seen at the office of Mr Kilpatrick depute-clerk of Session; and further information may be got by applying to James Thomson writer to the signet, Hanover-street, or to Mr Peter Bell at Carterton, near Moffat, the factor on the estate.
BY ADJOURNMENT.
TO BE SOLD within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 26th January 1787, between the hours of five and seven in the afternoon,
The following LANDS and others, lying in the parish of Troqueer, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright, in the lots after specified, viz.
LOT I.
These parts of the Lands of DRUNGANS, presently possessed by Mrs Carlyle and William Wright, with the superiority of the whole six merk-land of Drungans, which afford an undoubted freehold qualification to vote for a member of Parliament. The purchaser will have a very near prospect of the casualty for an entry from the proprietor of these four-fifths of the lands of Drungans, which hold of Mr Carlyle.
There is a good house on the lands of Drungans, consisting of six rooms, besides light closets, kitchen, apartments for servants, and other conveniences on the ground-floor, with offices adjoining, and a good garden.
That part of the lands, with the house possessed by Mrs Carlyle, is not under lease, but is reckoned worth 211 Sterling yearly.
The remainder of the lands is possessed by William Wright, by a minute of agreement for nine years after Candlemas 1783, under proper restrictions as to tillage, at the rent of 55 l. Sterling. But the purchaser may have it in his power to remove this tenant at Candlemas 1788, on six months previous notice.
For the encouragement of offerers, this lot will be exposed at 200 l. Sterling.
LOT II.
The INCLOSURE on the Bank of Troqueer, adjoining to the mills, presently possessed by Robert Carlyle, at the yearly rent of 2 l. 15 s. It is not under lease, and will be exposed at the upset price of 60 l.
LOT III.
The FEU-DUTIES of sundry houses and yards lying in the Bridge-end of Dumfries, above the mill-loaning, extending to 37 l. 18 s. 14 d. Sterling yearly, with the bygone arrears of feu-duties at and preceding Candlemas 1787, amounting, agreeable to list thereof, to 106 l. 10 s. 1 d. 6-penns. These feu-duties and arrears will be exposed at 1000 l. Sterling.
The rental and measurement of the lands of Drungans, the rental of the feu-duties, and list of arrears thereof, as mentioned in Lot III. with the articles of roup, and inventory of the progress of the whole three lots, to be seen in the hands of William Campbell writer to the signet, and copies thereof in the hands of Robert Ramsay writer in Dumfries.
For further particulars application may be made to Mr William Keith accountant in Edinburgh, who has power to sell by private bargain.
Natural Woods and Nursery Trees TO BE SOLD.
THE whole NATURAL WOODS on the Estate of STOBHALL, lying within seven miles of the town of Perth, will be exposed to Sale by public roup, within the village of Cargill, near by the woods, on Thursday the 23th day of January 1787, at twelve o'clock noon.—The Woods are pretty extensive, and consist of Oak principally, together with Ash, Elm, Planetree and Birch.
Also, the TREES in the Nursery at Strelity, on the said estate of Stobhall, which are fit for planting out, and consist principally of Ash, Elm, Beech, Plane, and Liburnum.
David Gellatly ground-officer over the estate, residing in Cargill, will show the woods; the gardener residing on the spot will show the Nursery; and Patrick Allison of Newhall, Esq. by Cupar of Angus, or William Lumdaine clerk to the signet, will show the articles of roup, and inform as to other particulars.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 31st of January 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,
The Dwelling-house, Garden, and inclosure at Jock's Lodge, a mile east from Edinburgh, on the north side of the road leading to Musselburgh. The house consists of a dining room, servants room, kitchen, and closets, on the first floor; a small drawing room, two bed rooms, and bed closet, on the second floor; and two large garrets fitted up for bed rooms, and has a variety of presses and other conveniences. There are upon the premises, a stable, chaise house, byre, milk house, and several other out-houses. The Park consists of little less than three acres, and is well laid out. These subjects hold feu of a subject for payment of an yearly feu-duty of L. 777 114 Sterling.
Also, that LODGING, back and fore, being the fourth storey above the shops in that tenement of land called the Shop's Land, lying on the north of the High Street of Edinburgh, a little below the Bridge, with the cellar and presentments thereto belonging. The premises consist of a large dining room, drawing room, bed-chamber, and bed-closet, to the street; three good bed-chambers backward; a kitchen and servants room, to which there is a separate entry; and two garrets, which enter by a stair within the house.
The subjects at Jock's Lodge will be shown by applying to any of the tenants there. The possessors of the house in Bishop's Land will show the same. And for further particulars apply to Joseph Cavin, writer to the signet, in whose hands the articles of sale and progress of writs of both subjects will be seen.
ROXBURGH-SHIRE.
TO BE SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 13th day of February 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,
The Lands of EASTER LANGLEE, in the parish of Melrose, and county of Roxburgh.
This farm consists of above four hundred English acres, arable and finely watered. It is beautifully situated upon the river Tweed, nearly midway between Melrose and Galashiels, within about a mile and a half of each of these towns, with the turnpike-road running through the lands. The river Tweed bounds the farm upon the south; and on the north, and east, it is well sheltered by high grounds; so that it is warm and early land. No improvement hath hitherto been made upon it. The present rent is only 70 l. and the current lease expires at Whitsunday next.
For further particulars, apply to Archibald Gibson writer to the signet, with whom a plan of the lands and the title-deeds are lodged. Proposals for a lease may be also given as above, which will be kept secret, if desired.
BY ADJOURNMENT.
Sale of Vicarigrange.
TO BE SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 13th day of January 1787, between the hours of five and six in the afternoon.
The Lands of VICARSGRANGE, (with or without Superiority annexed thereto, as purchasers shall incline,) the parish of Kinghorn, situated on the sea-coast between the populous towns of Kirkcaldy and Kinghorn, about a mile from each, commanding an extensive view of the coast, the Firth, and the opposite Lothian shores, and affording a most delightful situation for building. Along the sea are extensive quarries of excellent limestone, which have been worked, conveniently situated for sea carriage, and plenty of good free-stone. The lands are well supplied with running water; they are at present under lease at a low rate to one tenant, who has the means of manuring them plentifully, and whose tack will expire at Martinmas 1789, at a considerable rise of rent may certainly be obtained. The lands hold of the Crown, and a purchaser so inclining can be accommodated with a freehold qualification for the county of Fife.
Mr John Stock, brewer at Bridgeton, near Kirkcaldy, shows the lands; and the articles of roup and condition sale, &c. will be shown by Mr James Rutherford, writer to the signet, Edinburgh; to whom, or Captain Beattie Dyart, the proprietor, any person inclining to purchase may apply betwixt the hours of five and six in the afternoon.
LANDS IN EAST LOTHIAN.
To be sold by Private Bargain.
THAT part of the Lands and Barony of TRAME, lying to the north of the Post-road from Tranent to Haddington, presently possessed by William and John Robertson, William Hunter, William Vallance, George W. David Allan, and their Tenants; all lying contiguous, and foring about 250 acres, and yielding L. 437 11 11 Scots of yearly rent.—Also, sundry feu-duties in and about town of Tranent, yielding about L. 40 Sterling per annum, and about 75 acres of improvable mair along the Post-road to the town of Tranent, on which no value is put the rental. There is a stream of Coal, 9 feet thick, on which no value is put, as it is not open, though part has a level up to it. The Lands hold blench of the Crown.—The leased rent is L. 1100 Scots, and the proprietor has right the teinds.
For further particulars, enquire at Alexander Mackenzie writer to the signet.
SALE OF JOHNSTON ADJOURNED.
To be sold by private bargain, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 14th day of February 1787, between five and six in the evening,
THE Lands of Johnston, called Johnston Main, with the pertinents, lying in the parish of Kirkcaldy and shire of Dumfries.
The lands are pleasantly situated on the water of between Hawick and Langholm, about an equal distance from each. The present rent is only about 40 l. but a considerable rise may be expected on the purchaser's which may be immediately, as there are no ticks on lands.
Thomas Johnston of Grange will inform as to particulars concerning their extent, and the tenants will show grounds.
The progress of writs, which are clear, and ready to be seen by applying to Messrs John Gordon and Alexander Abercrombie, writers to the signet, who have power to conclude a bargain.
TO BE SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 21st day of February 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six in the noon, **ALL AND WHOLE**
THE Lands of Carfin & Todhoburn consisting of 478 acres a roads and 10 fells of ground, pleasantly situated upon the river Calder, two miles of the market town of Hamilton, fourteen miles from Glasgow, and thirty-three from Edinburgh, and lying good roads to all these places. There is a considerable dwelling house and a considerable quantity of planting on the premises, and the purchaser may enter to the possession of 121 acres out of lease.
Also the Two Merk Land of OVERMUIR, and Four Merk and Forty Penny Land of GLENS, consisting of upwards of 700 acres, lying in the parish of Lothian and shire of Ayr.
And likewise the SUPERIORITY of the Lands of DYOTOWN and others, lying in Ayrshire, which hold of the Crown, and being retoured a forty shilling land of extent, entitles the proprietor to vote for a member of the liamest for the county.
Joseph Cavin, writer to the signet, will show the title-deeds, plans, rentals, and articles of roup; and for further particulars application may be made to him, or to Mr Jamieson, collector of the land tax, Glasgow.